A Level French: Preparatory Summer Work

The tasks below have been set to help ease the transition between GCSE and A Level and to help you to make maximum progress once the course begins.

- Tick off each item once it is done.
- Bring this sheet, #1, #3 and #7 to your first French lesson in Year 12.
- Be prepared to discuss these tasks and to evaluate the progress you have made over the summer.
- 1. Find out the breakdown of your French GCSE result. You should know: your overall UMS mark/grade, the UMS mark/grade you got for reading, listening, speaking and writing. You will need these to set initial targets for yourself.
- 2. Undertake a review of GCSE French grammar. You will be expected to begin the course with a thorough understanding of the present tense and to know the 3 regular patterns and the below key irregular verbs: (avoir, être, aller, venir, faire, prendre). There are many websites and games on the internet which will help you to practise these. Try to find one to share with the rest of the group. You will have a test on these verbs during the first week of the course.
- 3. Watch a French film you have not seen before (on DVD / at the cinema) and write about the experience IN FRENCH. (200 words maximum) Try to include a range of language and <u>use your own words</u>.
- 4. If you don't already have one, buy yourself a decent French dictionary. This should be too heavy to bring to school! Collins Robert is the best.
- 5. Try to subscribe to a French magazine via the internet or buy one occasionally from WH Smith. Try to choose one which appeals to you even Closer in French is fine! You should build in 20 minutes of reading for pleasure in French per week.
- 6. Go onto www.radiofrance.fr and find a French radio station you enjoy. Aim to listen to the news in French once a week. Try to follow current affairs in English too, as this will help your understanding. You should find that after a couple of weeks, you understand more and more.
- 7. Research different French musicians / groups on YouTube. Identify one that you like and download / buy some of their music. Try to familiarise yourself with the words, expanding your vocabulary by looking things up in your dictionary.
- 8. Start planning a visit to France. You may wish to undertake work experience in France, organised through a private company. If you have any contacts in France, you could always go on an exchange, as this is the best way to practise your French.